

## Revised as of 02/13/2024

## Mobility Fuels AB1305 Project Disclosure 2023: Disclosures made pursuant to Section 44475.2 of AB1305

Claim	Documentation (Section 44475.2 (a))	Progress measurement (Section 44475.2 (a))	Independent third-party verification (Section 44475.2 (b))
Shell Renewable Diesel reduces greenhouse gas emissions by approximately 65% compared to regular diesel on a life cycle basis	Shell Renewable Diesel compared to Regular Diesel (B0) using life cycle emissions data from CARB LCFS (California Air Resources Board Low Carbon Fuels Standard) and CA-GREET 3.0 (California-Greenhouse gases, Regulated Emissions, and Energy use in Transportation model, latest version 3.0). The reduction in CO2e emissions provided by Shell Renewable Diesel was obtained by comparing the volumetric carbon intensity (mass of CO2e generated per volume of Shell Renewable Diesel, kg CO2e/L) to the volumetric carbon intensity of Shell Diesel (mass of CO2e generated per volume of Shell Diesel, kg CO2e/L). Carbon intensity (CI) data (in gCO2e/MJ) for blend components (diesel, biodiesel and renewable diesel) were obtained as reported by CARB LCFS (2022) and converted to volumetric CI (mass of CO2e per volume of fuel, kg CO2e/L) before calculating the carbon intensity for each finished product: (a) Shell Diesel (100% diesel, B0) and (b) Shell Renewable Diesel (199.9% Renewable diesel) or (95% renewable diesel with biodiesel), as per Shell average blend volumes for Shell Renewable Diesel in California). The reduction in CO2e emissions was calculated as the difference between the volumetric CI for Shell Renewable Diesel, over the volumetric CI for Shell Diesel, over the volumetric CI for Shell Diesel, over the volumetric CI for Shell Diesel.	NA: See Documentation explanation	NA: See Documentation explanation

Claim	Documentation (Section 44475.2 (a))	Progress measurement (Section 44475.2 (a))	Independent third-party verification (Section 44475.2 (b))
Shell ClearFlex E85 reduces greenhouse gas emissions by approximately 45% compared to E10 gasoline on a life cycle basis	Shell ClearFlex E85 compared to regular E10 gasoline using life cycle emissions data from CARB LCFS (California Air Resources Board Low Carbon Fuels Standard) and CA-GREET 3.0 (California Greenhouse gases, Regulated Emissions, and Energy use in Transportation model, latest version 3.0). The reduction in CO2e emissions provided by Shell ClearFLEX E85 was obtained by comparing the volumetric carbon intensity (mass of CO2e generated per volume of Shell ClearFLEX E85, kg CO2e/L) to the volumetric carbon intensity of Shell Regular E10 (mass of CO2e generated per volume of Shell Regular E10, kg CO2e/L). Carbon intensity (CI) data (in gCO2e/MJ) for blend components (gasoline and ethanol) were obtained as reported by CARB LCFS (2022) and converted to volumetric CI (mass of CO2e per volume of fuel, kg CO2e/L) before calculating the carbon intensity for each finished product: (a) Shell Regular E10 (gasoline blend with 10% ethanol, as per US market standard) and (b) Shell ClearFLEX E85 (gasoline blend with 77.5% ethanol, as per Shell average blend volumes across the US for Shell ClearFLEX E85). The reduction in CO2e emissions was calculated as the difference between the volumetric CI for Shell ClearFLEX E85 and the volumetric CI for Shell Regular, over the volumetric CI for Shell Regular, over the volumetric CI for Shell Regular E10.	NA: See Documentation explanation	NA: See Documentation explanation